40 PROPHETIC NARRATIONS ON SALAAH



Compiled by Mawlana Tehseen Raza Hamdani



AJMERI PRESS

40 Prophetic Narrations on Salaah

Compiled by Tehseen Raza Hamdani Nuri

Composing/Typesetting/Proofreading/Reference Ajmeri Press

> Copyright © Ajmeri Press October 2018 Muharram Al Haraam 1440

Feedback ajmeripress@gmail.com

Website www.ajmeripress.com

© 2018 Ajmeri Press Published by Manzar e Islam Rustenburg, Republic of South Africa





All rights reserved.

Permission is hereby granted to share and distribute this material without the prior consent of the publisher. Sale of this material is strictly prohibited.

Re-design and composition is only permissible with the prior consent of the publisher

Contents

Preface	. 1
Hadith 1 – In the protection of Allah and His Rasool	. 6
Hadith 2 – Private conversation with Allah	. 7
Hadith 3 – Best deeds in the Court of Allah	. 8
Hadith 4 – Bathing in the river	. 9
Hadith 5 – Visitations of the Angels	. 10
Hadith 6 – Two cool Prayers	. 11
Hadith 7 – Pledging for Salaah	. 12
Hadith 8 – Promise of Allah	. 13
Hadith 9 – The covenant between Muslims and Disbelievers	. 14
Hadith 10 – Abandoning Salaah	. 15
Hadith 11 – The first to be accounted on the Last Day	. 16
Hadith 12 – Voluntary prayers	. 17
Hadith 13 – A house in Paradise	. 18
Hadith 14 – The beginning time of Salaah	. 19
Hadith 15 - No Salaah is accepted without Wudhu	. 20
Hadith 16 – Expiation of all minor sins	. 21
Hadith 17 – To perform Salaah diligently	. 22
Hadith 18 – The five daily Prayers	. 23
Hadith 19 – Paradise becomes compulsory	. 24
Hadith 20 – Obliteration of sins and elevation of ranks	. 25
Hadith 21 – The devil's interference	. 26
Hadith 22 – Fajr and Asr Prayers	. 27
Hadith 23 – Performing prayer in a congregation	. 28
Hadith 24 – Stern warning in missing the congregation	. 29
Hadith 25 – Esha and Fajr congregation	. 30
Hadith 26 – The Fajr congregation	. 31
Hadith 27 – The invocations of the Angels	. 32
Hadith 28 – The blessings in taking steps	. 33
Hadith 29 – Forgetting the Prayer	. 34
Hadith 30 – The Earth is a place of Prayer and purification	. 35
Hadith 31 – Allah and His Angels send salutations	36

Hadith 32 – Forgiveness and admittance to Paradise	37
Hadith 33 – The reward of Adhaan and the first row	38
Hadith 34 – Keep the Prayer brief in the congregation	39
Hadith 35 – Reward of night Prayer	40
Hadith 36 – Being drowsy in Prayer	41
Hadith 37 – Perform <i>Maghrib</i> Prayer early	42
Hadith 38 – Walking in the darkness towards the Mosque	43
Hadith 39 – Sealing of hearts	44
Hadith 40 – Glad tidings for those who remain sitting	45



Preface

All praises are due to Allah Ta'ala who has allowed this servant of His to complete yet another book. This consise book is a compilation of forty *Ahaadith* of the Messenger of Allah related to the topic of *Salaah*. All the narrations are retrieved from the primary manuscripts of *Ahaadith* and they are in the level of *Sahih*. The Arabic script contains the chain of transmission [*Riwaayah*] and the text of the *Hadith* [*Matan*] in bold.

The five times *Salaah* is obligatory upon every male and female who is *Aaqil* [sane] and *Baaligh* [post-puberty]. The obligation of *Salaah* is so emphasised that if anyone considers the *Fardh Salaah* lightly, by mocking at it or considering it an unnecessary burden, then this will be *Kufr*. According to the classical rulings of Imam Maalik and Imam Shaafi – may Allah be pleased with them – a person who leaves his *Salaah*, without a valid reason, will be punished by death; in accordance to the sentence set by the Islamic government. Imam Abu Hanifa [may Allah be pleased with him] dictated that such a person will be imprisoned until such a time that he sincerely repents from this evil.

The great sage of Islam – Shaykh Abd Al-Qaadir Al Jilaani [may Allah sanctify his secret] – famously referred to as *al-Ghawth al-A'zam*; was of the view that those who deliberately leave *Salaah* must not be buried in the Muslim graveyard. This was so because the great Ghawth belonged to the Hanbali *Madhab* and to leave a single *Salaah* without a valid reason, according to this *Madhab*, is clear disbelief.

It is indeed disappointing and a cause of alarm to observe that many simple minded Sunni Muslims do not express the need of implementing this fundamental obligation of *Salaah* and its requirements within the society. It is taken very lightly, especially by the womenfolk, and missing the congregational *Salaah* by the menfolk is seen to be trivial.

It is a well-known ruling of the scholars of Islam that to attend the congregation in the *Sunni Musjid* is compulsory and to leave it, even once without a lawful reason, is detrimental to one's spirituality and reputation within the sacred law of Islam. Many take the name of Imam Ahmad Rida – the Imam of Ahl as-Sunnah [may Allah have mercy on him] – yet they fail to observe his noble lifestyle and his statements, especially regarding *Salaah*. He writes about missing the congregational *Salaah* in his *Fataawa*:

"According to the authentic law, if he does this even once then he is a sinner; a person who will be considered to be a taarik [avoider of the congregation], and liable for punishment. And if this becomes a habit, Allah Forbid, and he repeatedly does not attend the congregation; even if he attends some of the time, then he is a faasiq [transgressor], faajir [evil] and mardood ash Shahaadah [rejected from testimony]" – Fatawa Ridawiyya, Vol. 7, Pg. 131, Question 869. This entire verdict may be analysed, in English, in my previous book, '40 Verdicts of Imam Ahmad Rida'. This is another English compilation of this humble servant which can be downloaded for free in the website [ajmeripress.com].

If this is the case for missing the congregation, then logic dictates that missing *Salaah*, without a valid reason, will have far worse consequences.

Are you observing the seriousness of *Salaah*? There are over 700 verses in the Holy Qur'an that directly and implicitly

refer to this obligation of Islam. We find most of our Sunni mosques barren and we are hardly able to complete a row or two. How are we going to find the solution to this epidemic?

My humble opinion and view in this matter is that our Sunni scholars must be at the forefront to deal with the seriousness of implementing *Salaah* congregations at the mosques. It must be explained theoretically and portrayed practically to the public by our scholars. Our scholars must ensure that the importance of congregational *Salaah* is entrenched within the mind of the public as this is the only way to bring back the former glory of our Sunni mosques. Imam Ahmad Rida's famous statement and advice to the scholars is worthy to be mentioned,

"You must be staunch in following every Faraaidh and Waajibat. If you miss the Sunnah, the people will leave the Waajib. If you miss the Waajib, the people will start to leave the Faraaidh. And, Allah Forbid, if you miss the Faraaidh, then the people will fall into Kufr"

The attendance of the congregational *Salaah* in the Sunni mosques will cause many positive outputs to appear and I present only five of them, from many others, as follows:

- 1. The implementation of the compulsory act of attending the congregation
- 2. The achievement of greater virtues of Salaah
- 3. The acquirement of the noble company of the Sunni scholars
- 4. The social and communal support for the Sunni mosques and its institutions

5. The gaining of knowledge and, thereby, protection of one's fundamental beliefs and actions by coming into contact with the *Sunni* mosques.

Now, with the intention of pleasing Allah Ta'ala, I present before your honourable selves the collection of 40 noble *Hadith* of the Messenger of Allah in relation to *Salaah*. If we are truly the followers and lovers of Nabi Muhammad it; then it is incumbent upon us to obey his orders and follow his *Sunnah* with our hearts and actions. Indeed, in obeying the Prophet is we will achieve greater success in this world and the everlasting-Hereafter. Salutations in abundance be upon His Eminence and His noble Family and his blessed Companions.

Khaadim al Mashaaikh Tehseen Raza Hamdani Nuri

"His way of humility is indeed worthy of many cheers; The worshipper who performs his ablution with his tears"

"The people of faith have prostrated in wondrous ways By lowering their heads they have attained grace"

[Muhammad Ali Zahoori]



Dedicated to my master and my spiritual axis the Knower of Allah the pious saint of his time the noble *Qaadhi* & the elite *Mufti*

Shaykh Al-Islam Muhammad Akhtar Rida Khan Al-Qaadiri

[May Allah sanctify his soul]

1st Hadith

حَدَّنَنَا عَمْرُو بْنُ عَبَّاسٍ، قَالَ حَدَّنَنَا ابْنُ الْمَهْدِيِّ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا مَنْصُورُ بْنُ سَعْدٍ، عَنْ مَيْمُونِ بْنِ سِيَاهٍ، عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ صَلَّى صَلاَتَنَا، وَاسْتَقْبَلَ قِبْلَتَنَا، وَأَكَلَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ صَلَّى صَلاَتَنَا، وَاسْتَقْبَلَ قِبْلَتَنَا، وَأَكَلَ ذَبِيحَتَنَا، فَذَلِكَ الْمُسْلِمُ الَّذِي لَهُ ذِمَّةُ اللَّهِ وَذِمَّةُ رَسُولِهِ، فَلاَ ذَبِيحَتَنَا، فَذَلِكَ الْمُسْلِمُ الَّذِي لَهُ ذِمَّةُ اللَّهِ وَذِمَّةُ رَسُولِهِ، فَلاَ ثَبِيحَتَنَا، فَذَلِكَ الْمُسْلِمُ اللَّهِ فِي ذِمَّتِهِ

Narrated by Anas bin Malik رضى الله عنه Allah's Messenger (التَّامُّةُ الِبَرِّمِ) said,

"Whoever prays like us and faces our *Qibla* and eats our slaughtered animals is a Muslim and is under the protection of Allah and His Apostle. So do not betray Allah by betraying those who are in His protection"

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab As-Salaah, Hadith no. 391

2nd Hadith

حَدَّثَنَا آدَمُ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا شُعْبَةُ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا قَتَادَةُ، قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَنسَ بْنَ مَالِكِ، قَالَ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صلى الله عليه وسلم إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ إِذَا كَانَ بْنَ مَالِكِ، قَالَ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صلى الله عليه وسلم إِنَّ الْمُؤْمِنَ إِذَا كَانَ فِي الصَّلاَةِ فَإِنَّمَا يُناجِي رَبَّهُ، فَلاَ يَبْزُقَنَّ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَلاَ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ، وَي الصَّلاَةِ فَإِنَّمَا يُناجِي رَبَّهُ، فَلاَ يَبْزُقَنَّ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَلاَ عَنْ يَمِينِهِ، وَلَا عَنْ يَمِينِهِ، وَلَكِنْ عَنْ يَسَارِهِ أَوْ تَحْتَ قَدَمِهِ

رض الله عنه Narrated Anas bin Malik رض الله عنه The Prophet (التيالية) said,

"A faithful believer while in prayer is conversing privately with his Lord, so he should neither spit in front of him; nor to his right side but he may spit either on his left or under his foot [in the time of necessity]."

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab As-Salaah, Hadith no. 413

3rd Hadith

حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو الْوَلِيدِ، هِشَامُ بْنُ عَبْدِ الْمَلِكِ قَالَ حَدَّنَنَا شُعْبَةُ، قَالَ الْوَلِيدُ بْنُ الْعَيْزَارِ أَخْبَرَنِي قَالَ سَمِعْتُ أَبَا عَمْرِو الشَّيْبَانِيَّ، يَقُولُ حَدَّنَنَا صَاحِبُ، هَذِهِ الدَّارِ وَأَشَارَ إِلَى دَارِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ قَالَ سَأَلْتُ النَّبِيَّ صلى الله عليه وسلم أَيُّ الْعَمَلِ أَحَبُ إِلَى اللَّهِ قَالَ الصَّلاَةُ عَلَى وَقْتِهَا الله قَالَ الصَّلاَةُ عَلَى وَقْتِهَا قَالَ ثُمَّ أَيُّ قَالَ الْجِهَادُ فِي سَبِيلِ قَالَ ثُمَّ أَيُّ قَالَ الْجِهَادُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللّهِ قَالَ حَدَّنَنِي بِهِنَّ وَلُو اسْتَزَدْتُهُ لَزَادَنِي

رضى الله عنه Narrated by `Abdullah

I asked the Prophet ("Which deed is the dearest to Allah?" He replied, "To offer the prayers at their early stated fixed times." I asked, "What is the next (in goodness)?" He replied, "To be good and dutiful to your parents" I again asked, "What is the next (in goodness)?" He replied, "To participate in Jihad (religious fighting) in Allah's cause." `Abdullah added, "I asked only that much and if I had asked more, the Prophet ("To participate to I had asked more."

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab Mawaaqit as-Salaah, Hadith no. 527

حَدَّثَنَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ بْنُ حَمْزَةَ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي ابْنُ أَبِي حَازِمٍ، وَالدَّرَاوَرْدِيُّ، عَنْ يَزِيدَ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، عَنْ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ، عَنْ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ، عَنْ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّهُ سَمِعَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ أَرَايْتُمْ لَوْ أَنَّ نَهَرًا بِبَابِ أَحَدِكُمْ، يَغْتَسِلُ فِيهِ كُلَّ يَوْمٍ خَمْسًا، مَا تَقُولُ ذَلِكَ يُبْقِي مِنْ دَرَنِهِ شَيْئًا. قَالَ فَذَلِكَ مَثْلُ الصَّلُواتِ الْخَمْسِ، يَمْحُو اللَّهُ بِهَا الْخَطَايَا

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Huraira

I heard Allah's Messenger (الثانية) saying,

"If there was a river at the door of anyone of you and he took a bath in it five times a day would you notice any dirt on him?" They said, "Not a trace of dirt would be left." The Prophet (

added, "That is the example of the five prayers with which Allah blots out (annuls) evil deeds."

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab Mawaaqit As-Salaah, Hadith no. 528

حَدَّنَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ يُوسُف، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا مَالِكٌ، عَنْ أَبِي الزِّنَادِ، عَنِ اللَّعْرَج، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ يَتَعَاقَبُونَ فِيكُمْ مَلاَئِكَةٌ بِاللَّيْلِ وَمَلاَئِكَةٌ بِاللَّهْارِ، ويَجْتَمِعُونَ فِي صَلاَةِ الْفَجْرِ وَصَلاَةِ الْعَصْرِ، ثُمَّ يَعْرُجُ الَّذِينَ بَاتُوا فِيكُمْ، فَيَسْأَلُهُمْ وَهُو أَعْلَمُ الْفَجْرِ وَصَلاَةِ الْعَصْرِ، ثُمَّ يَعْرُجُ الَّذِينَ بَاتُوا فِيكُمْ، فَيَسْأَلُهُمْ وَهُو أَعْلَمُ بِهِمْ كَيْفَ تَرَكْتُم عَبَادِي فَيَقُولُونَ تَرَكْنَاهُمْ وَهُمْ يُصَلُّونَ، وَأَتَيْنَاهُمْ وَهُمْ يُصَلُّونَ، وَأَتَيْنَاهُمْ وَهُمْ يُصَلُّونَ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Huraira

Allah's Messenger (الشَّيْطَةِ عَلَيْهُ said,

"Angels come to you in succession by night and day and all of them get together at the time of the Fajr and `Asr prayers. Those who have passed the night with you (or stayed with you) ascend (to the Heaven) and Allah asks them, though He knows everything about you, well, 'In what state did you leave my slaves?' The Angels reply: "When we left them they were praying and when we reached them, they were praying"

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab Mawaaqit As-Salaah, Hadith no. 555

حَدَّنَنَا هُدْبَةُ بْنُ خَالِدٍ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا هَمَّامٌ، حَدَّثَنِي أَبُو جَمْرَةَ، عَنْ أَبِي بَكْرِ بْنِ أَبِي مُوسَى، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَال مَنْ صَلَّى الْبَرْدَيْنِ دَخَلَ الْجَنَّة

Narrated by Abu Bakr bin Abi Musa رخي الله عند My father said, **Allah's Messenger** (التي القيامية) **said,** "Whoever prays the two cool prayers (*Asr* and *Fajr*) will go to Paradise."

Sahih Al-Bukhari, Kitaab Mawaaqit As-Salaah, Hadith no. 574

أَخْبَرَنَا عَمْرُو بْنُ مَنْصُورٍ، قَالَ حَدَّنَنَا أَبُو مُسْهِرٍ، قَالَ حَدَّنَنَا سَعِيدُ بْنُ عَبْدِ الْعَزِيزِ، عَنْ رَبِيعَةَ بْنِ يَزِيدَ، عَنْ أَبِي إِدْرِيسَ الْخَوْلاَنِيِّ، عَنْ أَبِي مُسْلِمٍ الْخَوْلاَنِيِّ، قَالَ أَخْبَرَنَا الْحَبِيبُ الْأَمِينُ، عَوْفُ بْنُ مَالِكٍ أَبِي مُسْلِمٍ الْخَوْلاَنِيِّ، قَالَ أَخْبَرَنَا الْحَبِيبُ الأَمِينُ، عَوْفُ بْنُ مَالِكٍ اللَّهِ مُسْلِمٍ الْخَوْلاَنِيِّ، قَالَ أَخْبَرَنَا الْعَبِيبُ اللهِ عليه وسلم فَقَالَ أَلاَ شَعْعِيُّ قَالَ كُنَّا عِنْدَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم . فَرَدَّدَهَا ثَلاَثَ مَرَّاتٍ تُبَايعُونَ رَسُولَ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم . فَرَدَّدَهَا ثَلاَثَ مَرَّاتٍ فَقَدَّمُنَا أَيْدِينَا فَبَايَعْنَاهُ فَقُلْنَا يَا رَسُولَ اللهِ قَدْ بَايَعْنَاكَ فَعَلاَمَ قَالَ عَلَى فَقَدَّمُنَا أَيْدِينَا فَبَايَعْنَاهُ فَقُلْنَا يَا رَسُولَ اللّهِ قَدْ بَايَعْنَاكَ فَعَلاَمَ قَالَ عَلَى أَنْ تَعْبُدُوا اللّهَ وَلاَ تُشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيْئًا وَالصَّلُواتِ الْخَمْسِ وَأَسَرَّ كُلِمَةً خَفِيَّةً أَنْ لاَ تَسْأَلُوا النَّاسَ شَيْئًا

Awf bin Malik Al-Ashja'i رضى الله عنه said:

We were with the Messenger of Allah () and he said: 'Will you not pledge to the Messenger of Allah ()?' And he repeated it three times. So we stretched forth our hands to give our pledge. We said: 'O Messenger of Allah, we are willing to give you our pledge, but on what?' He said: 'That you will worship Allah and not associate anything with him, and (offer) the five daily prayers.' And he said, very quietly: 'And you will not ask the people for anything'

أَخْبَرُنَا قُتْيْبَةُ، عَنْ مَالِكِ، عَنْ يَحْيَى بْنِ سَعِيدٍ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ يَحْيَى بْنِ حَبَّانَ، عَنِ ابْنِ مُحَيْرِيزٍ، أَنَّ رَجُلاً، مِنْ بَنِي كِنَانَةَ يُدْعَى الْمُخْدَجِيَّ سَمِعَ رَجُلاً، عِنِ ابْنِ مُحَيْرِيزٍ، أَنَّ رَجُلاً، مِنْ بَنِي كِنَانَةَ يُدْعَى الْمُخْدَجِيُّ سَمِعَ رَجُلاً، بِالشَّامِ يُكُنِّى أَبًا مُحَمَّدٍ يَقُولُ الْوِتْرُ وَاحِبٌ . قَالَ الْمُخْدَجِيُّ فَرُحْتُ إِلَى عُبَادَةَ بْنِ الصَّامِتِ فَاعْتَرَضْتُ لَهُ وَهُو رَائِحٌ إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ فَأَخْبَرْتُهُ بِالَّذِي قَالَ عُبَادَةً كَذَبَ أَبُو مُحَمَّدٍ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ خَمْسُ صَلَوَاتٍ كَتَبَهُنَّ الله عَلَى الْعِبَادِ مَنْ جَاءَ بِهِنَّ لَمْ يُضَيِّعْ وسلم يَقُولُ خَمْسُ صَلَوَاتٍ كَتَبَهُنَّ اللّهُ عَلَى الْعِبَادِ مَنْ جَاءَ بِهِنَّ لَمْ يُضَيِّعْ مِنْهُنَّ شَيْنًا اسْتِخْفَافًا بِحَقِّهِنَّ كَانَ لَهُ عِنْدَ اللّهِ عَهْدٌ أَنْ يُدْخِلَهُ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَنْ لَمْ يَأْتِ بِهِنَّ فَلَيْسَ لَهُ عِنْدَ اللّهِ عَهْدٌ أَنْ يُدْخِلَهُ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَنْ لَمْ يَأْتِ بِهِنَّ فَلَيْسَ لَهُ عِنْدَ اللّهِ عَهْدٌ أَنْ يُذَبِلُهُ وَإِنْ شَاءَ أَدْخَلَهُ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَنْ لَمْ يَأْتِ بِهِنَّ فَلَيْسَ لَهُ عِنْدَ اللّهِ عَهْدٌ أِنْ شَاءَ عَذَبَهُ وَإِنْ شَاءَ أَدْخَلَهُ الْجَنَّةَ وَمَنْ

Narrated by Ibn Muhairiz that Ubaada bin Saamit رضى الله عنه said,

I heard the Messenger of Allah (النَّالِيُّةُ say:

"Five prayers are those that Allah has decreed for (His) slaves. Whoever does them, and does not neglect any of them out of disregard toward them, will have a promise from Allah that He will admit him to Paradise. And whoever does not perform them will have no such promise from Allah; if He wills he will punish him and if He wills He will admit him to Paradise."

أَخْبَرَنَا الْحُسَيْنُ بْنُ حُرَيْثٍ، قَالَ أَنْبَأَنَا الْفَصْلُ بْنُ مُوسَى، عَنِ الْحُسَيْنِ بْنِ وَاقِدٍ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ بُرَيْدَةَ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ عليه وسلم اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم

إِنَّ الْعَهْدَ الَّذِي بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَهُمُ الصَّلاَةُ فَمَن تَرَكَهَا فَقَدْ كَفَرَ

'Abdullah bin Buraidah رضى الله عنه narrates from his father,

The Messenger of Allah (التُوْفِيَةُ عَلَيْهُ) said:

"The covenant that stands between us and them [disbelievers] is the *Salaah*; whoever abandons it, he has committed disbelief."

أَخْبَرَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ حَرْبٍ، حَدَّنَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ رَبِيعَةَ، عَنِ ابْنِ جُرَيْجٍ، عَنْ أَبِي اللهِ على الله عليه وسلم عَنْ أَبِي الزُّبَيْرِ، عَنْ جَابِرٍ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم لَيْسَ بَيْنَ الْعَبْدِ وَبَيْنَ الْكُفْرِ إِلاَّ تَرْكُ الصَّلاَقِ

رضى الله عنه It was narrated by Jabir

The Messenger of Allah (الثانية) said:

"There is nothing between a person and disbelief except abandoning *Salaah*"

سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ إِنَّ أَوَّلَ مَا يُحَاسَبُ بِهِ الْعَبْدُ بِصَلاَتِهِ فَإِنْ صَلَحَتْ فَقَدْ أَفْلَحَ وَأَنْجَحَ وَإِنْ فَسَدَتْ فَقَدْ خَابَ وَحَسِرَ

> Huraith bin Qabisah narrates from Abu Hurairah رضی الله عنه

I heard the Messenger of Allah (الثانية) say:

"The first thing for which a person will be brought to account will be his *Salaah*. If it is sound then he will have succeeded, be saved, but if it is not then he will have lost and be doomed"

أَخْبَرَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا النَّضْرُ بْنُ شُمَيْلٍ، قَالَ أَنْبَأَنَا حَمَّادُ بْنُ سُلَمَةً، عَنِ الأَزْرَقِ بْنِ قَيْسٍ، عَنْ يَحْيَى بْنِ يَعْمَرَ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، عَنْ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ أَوَّلُ مَا يُحَاسَبُ بِهِ الْعَبْدُ صَلاَتُهُ فَإِنْ كَانَ أَكْمَلَهَا وَإِلاَّ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ انْظُرُوا لِهِ الْعَبْدُ صَلاَتُهُ فَإِنْ كَانَ أَكْمَلَهَا وَإِلاَّ قَالَ اللَّهُ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ انْظُرُوا لِهِ الْفَرِيضَةَ لِعَبْدِي مِنْ تَطَوَّعٍ فَإِنْ وُجِدَ لَهُ تَطَوَّعٌ قَالَ أَكْمِلُوا بِهِ الْفَرِيضَة

رضى الله عنه It was narrated from Abu Hurairah رضى الله عنه

The Messenger of Allah (التُعْقِيلُةِ) said:

"The first thing for which a person will be brought to account will be his *Salaah*. If it is complete (all well and good), otherwise Allah will say: 'Look and see if My slave did any voluntary prayer.' If he is found to have done voluntary prayers, his obligatory prayers will be completed therewith."

حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ عِيسَى، حَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ عُلَيَّةً، حَدَّثَنَا دَاوُدُ بْنُ أَبِي هِنْدٍ، حَدَّثَنِي النُّعْمَانُ بْنُ سَالِم، عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ أَوْسٍ، عَنْ عَنْبَسَةَ بْنِ أَبِي سَفْيَانَ، عَنْ أُمِّ حَبِيبَةَ، قَالَتْ قَالَ النَّبِيُّ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ صَلَّى فِي يَوْمٍ ثِنْتَى عَشْرَةَ رَكْعَةً تَطُوّعًا بُنِي لَهُ بِهِنَّ بَيْتُ فِي الْجَنَّةِ

رضى الله عنها Narrated by Umm e Habibah

The Prophet (مَنْ عَلِيْهُمْ) said:

"If anyone prays in a day and a night twelve units voluntarily (supererogatory prayer), a house will be built for him in Paradise on account of these (*rak'ahs*)"

Sunan Abi Dawood, Kitaab As-Salaah, Hadith 1250

حَدَّنَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ مَنِيعٍ، حَدَّثَنَا يَعْقُوبُ بْنُ الْوَلِيدِ الْمَدَنِيُّ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللّهِ بْنِ عُمَرَ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم الْوَقْتُ الأَوَّلُ مِنَ الصَّلاَةِ رِضْوَانُ اللّهِ وَالْوَقْتُ الآخِرُ عَلْهِ وَسلم الْوَقْتُ الأَوَّلُ مِنَ الصَّلاَةِ رِضْوَانُ اللّهِ وَالْوَقْتُ الآخِرُ عَلْهُ اللّهِ عَفْوُ اللّهِ

narrated that,رضی اللہ عنہ

Allah's Messenger (النَّامِيَةُ said:

"The beginning of the time for Salaah is pleasing to Allah, and the end of its time is pardoned by Allah."

Jaami' At Tirmidhi, Kitaab As Salaah, Hadith no. 172

حَدَّثَنَا سَعِيدُ بْنُ مَنْصُورٍ، وَقُتَيْبَةُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ، وَأَبُو كَامِلٍ الْجَحْدَرِيُّ - وَاللَّفْظُ لِسَعِيدٍ - قَالُوا حَدَّثَنَا أَبُو عَوَانَةَ، عَنْ سِمَاكِ بْنِ حَرْبٍ، عَنْ مُصْعَبِ بْنِ سَعْدٍ، قَالَ دَحَلَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ عُمَرَ عَلَى ابْنِ عَامِرٍ يَعُودُهُ مُصْعَبِ بْنِ سَعْدٍ، قَالَ دَحَلَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ عُمَرَ عَلَى ابْنِ عَامِرٍ يَعُودُهُ وَهُو مَرِيضٌ فَقَالَ أَلاَ تَدْعُو اللَّهَ لِي يَا ابْنَ عُمَرَ . قَالَ إِنِّي سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ لاَ تُقْبَلُ صَلاَةٌ بِغَيْرٍ طُهُورٍ وَلاَ صَدَقَةٌ مِنْ غُلُولٍ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Simak ibn Harb

Abdullah ibn Umar رضى الله عنه said: 'I heard Messenger of

Allah (الشَّوْالِيَّةُو) saying:

"No Salaah is accepted without *Wudu'* (purification), and no charity (is accepted) that comes from *Ghulul* [unlawful means]"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At-Tahaarah, Hadith 224

حَدَّنَنَا عَبْدُ بْنُ حُمَيْدٍ، وَحَجَّاجُ بْنُ الشَّاعِرِ، كِلاَهُمَا عَنْ أَبِي الْوَلِيدِ، وَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ سَعِيدِ بْنِ الْوَلِيدِ، حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ سَعِيدِ بْنِ عَمْرِو بْنِ سَعِيدِ بْنِ الْعَاصِ، حَدَّثِنِي أَبِي، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، قَالَ كُنْتُ عِنْدَ عُمْرو بْنِ سَعِيدِ بْنِ الْعَاصِ، حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، قَالَ كُنْتُ عِنْدَ عُمْرانَ فَدَعَا بِطَهُورٍ فَقَالَ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم عُثْمَانَ فَدَعَا بِطَهُورٍ فَقَالَ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ مَا مِنِ امْرِئٍ مُسْلِمٍ تَحْضُرُهُ صَلاَةٌ مَكْتُوبَةٌ فَيُحْسِنُ وُصُوءَهَا يَقُولُ مَا مِنِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللهُ كَانَتْ كَفَّارَةً لِمَا قَبْلَهَا مِنَ الذَّنُوبِ مَا لَمْ يُؤْتِ كَبِيرَةً وَذَلِكَ الدَّهْرَ كُلَّهُ

said, رضى الله عنه said, مضى الله عنه said,

I heard the Messenger of Allah (الناوية الماء) say:

"When the time for a prescribed prayer comes, if any Muslim performs ablution well and offers his prayer with humility and bowing, it will be an expiation for his past sins, so long as he has not committed a major sin; and this applies for all times"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At-Tahaarah, Hadith 228

وَحَدَّثَنِي أَبُو الطَّاهِرِ، ويُونُسُ بْنُ عَبْدِ الأَعْلَى، قَالاَ أَخْبَرَنَا عَبْدُ اللَّهِ بْنُ وَهْب، عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ الْحَارِثِ، أَنَّ الْحُكَيْمَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ الْقُوشِيَّ، حَدَّثَهُ أَنَّ نَافِعَ بْنَ جُبَيْرٍ وَعَبْدَ اللَّهِ بْنَ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ حَدَّثَاهُ أَنَّ الْفُرَشِيَّ، حَدَّثَهُ أَنَّ نَافِعَ بْنَ جُبَيْرٍ وَعَبْدَ اللَّهِ بْنَ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ حَدَّثَاهُ أَنَّ الْقُرَشِيَّ، حَدَّثَهُ أَنَّ نَافِعَ بْنَ جُبَيْرٍ وَعَبْدَ اللَّهِ بْنَ أَبِي سَلَمَةَ حَدَّثَاهُ أَنَّ مُعَاذَ بْنَ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ حَدَّثَهُما عَنْ حُمْرَانَ، مَوْلَى عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عَفَّانَ مُعْذَ بْنَ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ حَدَّثَهُما عَنْ حُمْرَانَ، مَوْلَى عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عَفَّانَ بْنِ عَفَّانَ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم عَنْ عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عَفَّانَ، قَالَ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ مَنْ تَوَضَّا لِلْصَلَاقِ فَأَسُبَغَ الْوُضُوءَ ثُمَّ مَشَى إِلَى الصَّلاقِ اللهِ اللهِ عَلَى الصَّلاقِ اللهِ عَلَى الصَّلاقِ اللهِ عَلَى الصَّلاقِ اللهِ عَلَى الصَّلاقِ اللهِ عَلَى الْمَسْجِدِ غَفَرَ اللّهُ لَهُ ذُنُو بَهُ فَصَلاَهُمَا مَعَ النَّاسِ أَوْ مَعَ الْجَمَاعَةِ أَوْ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ غَفَرَ اللّهُ لَهُ ذُنُو بَهُ

said, رضى الله عنه said, منت الله عنه said,

I heard the Messenger of Allah (الشَّهْ اللَّهُ) saying,

"He who performed ablution for prayer and performed it properly and then went (to observe) obligatory prayer and offered it along with people or with the congregation or in the mosque, Allah would pardon his sins."

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At Tahaarah, Hadith 232

حَدَّثَنِي أَبُو الطَّاهِرِ، وَهَارُونُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ الأَيْلِيُّ، قَالاَ أَحْبَرَنَا ابْنُ وَهْبٍ، عَنْ أَبِي صَحْرٍ، أَنَّ عُمَرَ بْنَ إِسْحَاقَ، مَوْلَى زَائِدَةَ حَدَّنَهُ عَنْ أَبِي صَحْرٍ، أَنَّ عُمَرَ بْنَ إِسْحَاقَ، مَوْلَى زَائِدَةَ حَدَّنَهُ عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم كَانَ يَقُولُ اللهِ عليه وسلم كَانَ يَقُولُ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم كَانَ يَقُولُ الصَّلُواتُ الْحَمْسُ وَالْجُمُعَةُ إِلَى الْجُمُعَةِ وَرَمَضَانُ إِلَى رَمَضَانَ الْحَمْنَانُ إلى رَمَضَانَ مُكَفِّرَاتٌ مَا بَيْنَهُنَّ إِذَا اجْتَنَبَ الْكَبَائِرَ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَّةُ said:

"The five (daily) prayers and from one Friday prayer to the (next) Friday prayer, and from Ramadhan to Ramadhan are expiations for the (sins) committed in between (their intervals) provided one shuns the major sins."

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At Tahaarah, Hadith 233

وَحَدَّنَنِي أَبُو عُثْمَانَ، عَنْ جُبَيْرِ بْنِ نُفَيْرٍ، عَنْ عُقْبَةَ بْنِ عَامِرٍ، قَالَ كَانَتْ عَلَيْنَا رِعَايَةُ الإِبلِ فَحَاءَتْ نَوْبَتِي فَرَوِّحْتُهَا بِعَشِيّ فَأَدْرَكْتُ مِنْ رَسُولَ اللّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَائِمًا يُحَدِّثُ الناسَ فَأَدْرَكْتُ مِنْ وَسُولَ اللّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَائِمًا يُحَدِّثُ الناسَ فَأَدْرَكْتُ مِنْ قَوْلِهِ مَا مِنْ مُسْلِمٍ يَتَوَضَّأُ فَيُحْسِنُ وُضُوءَهُ ثُمَّ يَقُومُ فَيُصَلِّي وَوَجْهِهِ إِلا وَجَبَتْ لَهُ الْجَنَّةُ رَكْعَتَيْنِ مُقْبِلٌ عَلَيْهِمَا بِقَلْبِهِ وَوَجْهِهِ إِلا وَجَبَتْ لَهُ الْجَنَّةُ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Uqba ibn Aamir

'I found the Messenger of Allah (الثانية) standing and addressing the people:

"If any Muslim performs ablution well, then stands and prays two rak'ah; performing them with his heart as well as his face, Paradise becomes compulsory for him"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At Tahaarah, Hadith 234

20th Hadith

حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ أَيُّوب، وَقُتَيْبَةُ، وَابْنُ، حُجْ حَمِيعًا عَنْ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ جَعْفَر، - قَالَ ابْنُ أَيُّوب حَدَّثَنَا إِسْمَاعِيلُ، - أَخْبَرَنِي الْعَلاَءُ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ أَلا أَذُلُكُمْ عَلَى مَا يَمْحُو اللَّهُ بِهِ الْخَطَايَا وَيَرْفَعُ بِهِ الدَّرَجَاتِ قَالُوا بَلَى يَا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ قَالَ إِسْبَاغُ الْوُصُوءِ عَلَى الْمَكَارِهِ وَكَثْرَةُ الْخُطَا إِلَى الْمَسَاجِدِ وَانْتِظَارُ الصَّلَاةِ بَعْدَ الصَّلَاةِ فَذَلِكُمُ الرِّبَاطُ الْخُطَا إِلَى الْمَسَاجِدِ وَانْتِظَارُ الصَّلَاةِ بَعْدَ الصَّلَاةِ فَذَلِكُمُ الرِّبَاطُ النَّهُ الْمُكَارِهِ وَكَثْرَةُ الْخُطَا إِلَى الْمَسَاجِدِ وَانْتِظَارُ الصَّلَاةِ بَعْدَ الصَّلَاةِ فَذَلِكُمُ الرِّبَاطُ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (النَّهُ اللَّهُ) said:

"Should I not suggest to you that by which Allah obliterates the sins and elevates the ranks (of a man)." They (the hearers) said: "Yes, O Messenger of Allah". He said: "Performing the ablution thoroughly despite odds, travelling more paces towards the mosque, and waiting for the next prayer after observing a prayer, and that is mindfulness"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab At-Tahaarah, Hadith 251

21st Hadith

حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ يَحْيَى، قَالَ قَرَأْتُ عَلَى مَالِكٍ عَنِ ابْنِ شِهَاب، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَة، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلَى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِنَّ أَحَدَكُمْ إِذَا قَامَ يُصَلِّي جَاءَهُ الشَّيْطَانُ فَلَبَسَ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى لاَ يَدْرِي كُمْ صَلَّى فَإِذَا وَجَدَ ذَلِكَ أَحَدُكُمْ فَلْيَسْجُدْ سَجُدتَيْن وَهُوَ جَالِسٌ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَةِ said:

"When any one of you stands up to pray, the devil comes to him and confuses him so that he does not know how much he has prayed. If any one of you has such an experience he should perform two prostrations while sitting down"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 389

22nd Hadith

وَحَدَّثَنِي يَعْقُوبُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الدَّوْرَقِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ أَبِي بُكَيْرٍ، حَدَّثَنَا شَيْبَانُ، عَنْ عَبْدِ الْمَلِكِ بْنِ عُمَيْرٍ، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَارَةَ بْنِ رُؤَيْيَةً، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم لاَ يَلِجُ النَّارَ مَنْ صَلَّى قَبْلَ طُلُوعِ الشَّمْسِ وَقَبْلَ غُرُوبِهَا

Narrated by Umarah ibn Ruwaiba رضي الله عنه from his father,

The Messenger of Allah (مُثْنَايِّنَا) said:

"He who performed the prayer before the rising of the sun [Fajr] and its setting [Asr] would not enter the fire (of Hell)"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 634

23rd Hadith

حَدَّثَنَا يَحْيَى بْنُ يَحْيَى، قَالَ قَرَأْتُ عَلَى مَالِكٍ عَنْ نَافِع، عَنِ ابْنِ عُمَرَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ صَلاَةُ الْجَمَاعَةِ عُمْرَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ سلم وَعِشْرِينَ دَرَجَةً أَفْضَلُ مِنْ صَلاَةِ الْفَذِّ بِسَبْعٍ وَعِشْرِينَ دَرَجَةً

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abdullah ibn Umar

The Messenger of Allah (النَّافِيلَةِ) said:

"Prayer performed in a congregation is twentyseven degrees more excellent than the prayer performed by an individual."

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 650

24th Hadith

وَحَدَّثَنِي عَمْرُ و النَّاقِدُ، حَدَّثَنَا سُفْيَانُ بْنُ عُيَيْنَةَ، عَنْ أَبِي الزِّنَادِ، عَنِ اللَّعْرَجِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم فَقَدَ نَاسًا فِي بَعْضِ الصَّلُواتِ فَقَال لَقَدْ هَمَمْتُ أَنْ آمُرَ رَجُلاً يُصَلِّي بَالنَّاسِ ثُمَّ أُخَالِفَ إِلَى رِجَالٍ يَتَخَلَّفُونَ عَنْهَا فَآمُرَ بِهِمْ فَيُحرِقُوا عَلَيْهِمْ بِحُزَمِ الْحَطَبِ بُيُوتَهُمْ وَلَوْ عَلِمَ أَحَدُهُمْ أَنَّهُ يَجِدُ عَظْمًا سَمِينًا لَشَهدَهَا

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (النيانية) found some people absent from certain Prayers [in the Musjid] and he said:

"I intend that I order a person to lead people in prayer [in my place] and then go to those people who do not join the (congregational prayer) and then order their houses to be burnt by the bundles of fuel. If one amongst them were to know that he would find a fat fleshy bone he would attend the night prayer"

Sahih Muslim, Kitaab Al-Masaajid, Hadith 651

حَدَّثَنَا إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، أَخْبَرَنَا الْمُغِيرَةُ بْنُ سَلَمَةَ الْمَخْزُومِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَاحِدِ، - وَهُوَ ابْنُ زِيادٍ - حَدَّثَنَا عُثْمَانُ بْنُ حَكِيمٍ، حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الْوَاحِدِ، نُنُ أَبِي عَمْرَةَ، قَالَ دَخَلَ عُثْمَانُ بْنُ عَفَّانَ حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الرَّحْمَنِ بْنُ أَبِي عَمْرَةَ، قَالَ دَخَلَ عُثْمَانُ بْنُ عَفَّانَ الْمَسْجِدَ بَعْدَ صَلاَةِ الْمَعْرِبِ فَقَعَدَ وَحْدَهُ فَقَعَدْتُ إِلَيْهِ فَقَالَ يَا ابْنَ الْمَسْجِدَ بَعْدَ صَلاَةِ الْمَعْرِبِ فَقَعَدَ وَحْدَهُ فَقَعَدْتُ إِلَيْهِ فَقَالَ يَا ابْنَ أَنِي سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ مَنْ صَلّى الْعِشَاءَ فِي جَمَاعَةٍ فَكَأَنَّمَا قَامَ نِصْفَ اللّيْلِ وَمَنْ صَلّى الصُّبْحَ فِي جَمَاعَةٍ فَكَأَنَّمَا قَامَ نِصْفَ اللّيْلِ وَمَنْ صَلّى الصُّبْحَ فِي جَمَاعَةٍ فَكَأَنَّمَا صَلّى اللّهُ لَا كُلّهُ

Abdur Rahman ibn Abd Amr narrates that Uthmaan ibn Affaan مضي الله عنه said:

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَّةِ) said

"He who observed the *Esha* prayer in congregation, it was as if he prayed up to midnight, and he who prayed the morning prayer in congregation, it was as if he prayed the whole night"

وَحَدَّثَنِي نَصْرُ بْنُ عَلِيٍّ الْجَهْضَمِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا بِشْرٌ، - يَعْنِي ابْنَ مُفَضَّلٍ عَنْ خَالِدٍ، عَنْ أَنَسِ بْنِ سِيرِينَ، قَالَ سَمِعْتُ جُنْدَبَ بْنَ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ، يَقُولُ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ صَلَّى الصَّبْحَ فَهُو يَقُولُ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ صَلَّى الصَّبْحَ فَهُو فِي فِي ذِمَّةِ اللَّهِ فَلاَ يَطْلُبَنَّكُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ ذِمَّتِهِ بِشَيْءٍ فَيُدْرِكَهُ فَيَكُبَّهُ فِي فَي ذِمَّةِ اللَّهِ فَلاَ يَطْلُبَنَّكُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ ذِمَّتِهِ بِشَيْءٍ فَيُدْرِكَهُ فَيَكُبَّهُ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Jundab ibn Abdullah

The Messenger of Allah (التَّهَايِّةُ) said:

"He who prayed the morning-prayer (in congregation), he is in fact under the protection of Allah. And it can never happen that Allah should demand anything from you in connection with the protection (that He guarantees) and one should not get it. He would, otherwise, throw him in the fire of Hell."

وَحَدَّثَنَا ابْنُ أَبِي عُمَرَ، حَدَّنَنا سُفْيَانُ، عَنْ أَيُّوبَ السَّخْتِيَانِيِّ، عَنِ ابْنِ سِيرِينَ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم الله عَلَى أَحَدِكُمْ مَا دَامَ فِي مَجْلِسِهِ تَقُولُ اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّ الْمَلاَثِكَةَ تُصَلِّي عَلَى أَحَدِكُمْ مَا دَامَ فِي مَجْلِسِهِ تَقُولُ اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لَهُ اللَّهُمَّ ارْحَمْهُ مَا لَمْ يُحْدِثْ وَأَحَدُكُمْ فِي صَلاَةٍ مَا كَانَتِ الصَّلاَةُ تَحْبِسُهُ الصَّلاَةُ تَحْبِسُهُ الصَّلاَةُ تَحْبِسُهُ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَةِ said:

"The Angels invoke blessings on everyone among you so long as he is in the place of worship with these words: 'O Allah! Pardon him, O Allah, have mercy upon him', (and they continue to do so) as long as, the ablution (of the worshipper) is not broken, and one among you is in prayer and so long as he is waiting for the prayer."

28th Hadith

حَدَّثَنِي إِسْحَاقُ بْنُ مَنْصُورٍ، أَخْبَرَنَا زَكَرِيَّاءُ بْنُ عَدِيٍّ، أَخْبَرَنَا عُبَيْدُ اللَّهِ، - يَعْنِي ابْنَ عَمْرٍ و - عَنْ زَيْدِ بْنِ أَبِي أُنَيْسَةَ، عَنْ عَدِيِّ بْنِ ثَابِي مُنْ تَعْنِي ابْنَ عَمْرٍ و الأَشْجَعِيِّ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ ثَابِتٍ، عَنْ أَبِي حَازِمٍ الأَشْجَعِيِّ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ تَطَهَّرَ فِي بَيْتِهِ ثُمَّ مَشَى إِلَى بَيْتٍ مِنْ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ تَطَهَّرَ فِي بَيْتِهِ ثُمَّ مَشَى إِلَى بَيْتٍ مِنْ بُيُوتِ اللَّهِ كَانَتْ خَطُوبَاهُ بُيُوتِ اللَّهِ كَانَتْ خَطُوبَاهُ إِحْدَاهُمَا تَحُطُّ خَطِيئَةً وَالأُخْرَى تَرْفَعُ دَرَجَةً

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَّةُ said:

"He who purified himself in his house, and then he walked to one of the houses of Allah for the sake of performing a *Fardh* (obligatory act) out of the *Fara'idh* (obligatory acts) of Allah, both his steps (would be significant) as one of them would obliterate his sin and the second one would raise his status"

29th Hadith

وَحَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى، حَدَّثَنَا عَبْدُ الأَعْلَى، حَدَّثَنَا سَعِيدُ، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنْ أَنسِ بْنِ مَالِكٍ، قَالَ قَالَ نَبِيُّ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مَنْ نَسِيَ صَلاَةً أَوْ نَامَ عَنْهَا فَكَفَّارَتُهَا أَنْ يُصَلِّيهَا إِذَا ذَكَرَهَا

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Anas ibn Maalik

The Messenger of Allah (التَّهْالِيَةُ said:

"He who forgets the prayer, or he slept (and it was omitted), its expiation is (only) that he should observe it when he remembers it."

أَخْبَرَنَا الْحَسَنُ بْنُ إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ سُلَيْمَانَ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا هُشَيْمٌ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا سَيَّارٌ، عَنْ يَزِيدَ الْفَقِيرِ، عَنْ جَابِرِ بْنِ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم جُعِلَتْ لِيَ الأَرْضُ مَسْجِدًا وَطَهُورًا أَيْنَمَا أَدْرَكَ رَجُلٌ مِنْ أُمَّتِي الصَّلاةَ صَلَى

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Jaabir bin Abdullah

The Messenger of Allah (التَّهْالِيَةُ said:

"The Earth has been made for me a place of prostration and a means of purification, so wherever a man of my Ummah is when the time for prayer comes, let him pray"

Sunan An Nasaai, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 736

31st Hadith

أَخْبَرَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ الْمُثَنَّى، قَالَ حَدَّثَنَا مُعَادُ بْنُ هِشَامٍ، قَالَ حَدَّثَنِي أَبِي إِسْحَاقَ الْكُوفِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِب، أَنَّ أَبِي السَّحَاقَ الْكُوفِيِّ، عَنِ الْبَرَاءِ بْنِ عَازِب، أَنَّ نَبِيَّ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلاَثِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى السَّيَّ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلاَثِكَتَهُ يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى الصَّفِّ الْمُقَدَّمِ وَالْمُؤَذِّنُ يُعْفَرُ لَهُ بِمَدِّ صَوْتِهِ وَيُصَدِّقُهُ مَنْ سَمِعَهُ الصَّفِ الْمُقَدَّمِ وَالْمُؤَذِّنُ يُعْفَرُ لَهُ بِمَدِّ صَوْتِهِ وَيُصَدِّقُهُ مَنْ سَمِعَهُ مِنْ رَطْب وَيَابس وَلَهُ مِثْلُ أَجْر مَنْ صَلَّى مَعَهُ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Baraa bin Aazib

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَةِ said:

"Allah and His Angels send salutations upon those in the front rows, and the *Mu'adhin* will be forgiven as far as his voice reaches, and whatever hears him, wet or dry, will confirm what he says, and he will have a reward like that of those who pray with him"

Sunan An Nasaai, Kitaab Al Adhaan, Hadith 647

32nd Hadith

أَخْبَرَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ سَلَمَة، قَالَ حَدَّنَنَا ابْنُ وَهْب، عَنْ عَمْرِو بْنِ الْحَارِثِ، أَنَّ أَبَا عُشَّانَةَ الْمَعَافِرِيَّ، حَدَّنَهُ عَنْ عُقْبَةَ بْنِ عَامِرٍ، قَالَ سَمِعْتُ رَسُولَ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ يَعْجَبُ رَبُّكَ مِنْ رَاعِي غَنَمٍ فِي رَأْسِ شَظِيَّةِ الْجَبَلِ يُؤَذِّنُ بِالصَّلاَةِ وَيُصَلِّي فَيَقُولُ اللهُ عَنْ عَنَمٍ فِي رَأْسِ شَظِيَّةِ الْجَبَلِ يُؤَذِّنُ بِالصَّلاَةِ وَيُصَلِّي فَيَقُولُ اللهُ عَزْ وَجَلَّ انْظُرُوا إِلَى عَبْدِي هَذَا يُؤذِّنُ وَيُقِيمُ الصَّلاَةَ يَحَافُ مِنْ عَنْ عَفْرْتُ لِعَبْدِي وَأَدْخَلْتُهُ الْجَنَة الْجَنَّة

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Uqbaa ibn Aamir

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّهْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ) said:

"Your Lord is pleased with a shepherd high in the mountains who calls the *Adhaan* for the prayer and prays. Allah says: 'Look at this slave of Mine; he calls the *Adhaan* and *Iqaamah* for the prayer and fears Me. I have forgiven My slave and admitted him to Paradise.'"

Sunan An Nasaai, Kitaab Al Adhaan, Hadith 667

33rd Hadith

وَحَدَّثَنِي عَنْ مَالِكِ، عَنْ سُمَىًّ، مَوْلَى أَبِي بَكْرِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الرَّحْمَنِ عَنْ أَبِي صَالِحٍ السَّمَّانِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ لَوْ يَعْلَمُ النَّاسُ مَا فِي النِّدَاءِ وَالصَّفِّ الأَوَّلِ ثُمَّ لَمْ يَجِدُوا إِلاَّ أَنْ يَسْتَهِمُوا عَلَيْهِ لاَسْتَهَمُوا وَلَوْ يَعْلَمُونَ مَا فِي التَّهُجِيرِ لاَسْتَبَقُوا إِلَيْهِ وَلَوْ يَعْلَمُونَ مَا فِي الْعَتَمَةِ وَالصَّبْحِ لاَتُوهُمَا التَّهْجِيرِ لاَسْتَبَقُوا إِلَيْهِ وَلَوْ يَعْلَمُونَ مَا فِي الْعَتَمَةِ وَالصَّبْحِ لاَتُوهُمَا وَلَوْ حَبُواً

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الثانية) said:

"If people knew what was [the reward] in the *Adhaan* and [standing in] the first row of the prayer and if they could only draw lots for it, they would draw lots. And if they knew what was in performing *Dhuhr* early, they would race each other to it. And if they knew what was in *Esha* and *Subh* [*Fajr*], they would go to them even if they had to crawl."

Al Muwatta Imam Maalik, Kitaab As Salaah, Hadith 149

حَدَّثَنِي يَحْيَى، عَنْ مَالِكِ، عَنْ أَبِي الزِّنَادِ، عَنِ الأَعْرَجِ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِذَا صَلَّى أَحَدُكُمْ هُرَيْرَةَ، أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِذَا صَلَّى بِالنَّاسِ فَلْيُحَفِّفْ فَإِنَّ فِيهِمُ الضَّعِيفَ وَالسَّقِيمَ وَالْكَبِيرَ وَإِذَا صَلَّى أَحَدُكُمْ لِنَفْسِهِ فَلْيُطَوِّلْ مَا شَاءَ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَّةُ said:

"When you lead people in the prayer, make it brief, because there are among them some people who are weak, ill and old. But when you pray on your own, make it as long as you wish"

Al-Muwatta Imam Maalik, Kitaab Salaatil Jama'ah, Hadith 303

حَدَّثَنِي يَحْيَى، عَنْ مَالِكِ، عَنْ مُحَمَّدِ بْنِ الْمُنْكَدِرِ، عَنْ سَعِيدِ بْنِ جُرَيْرَهُ أَنَّ عَائِشَةَ زَوْجَ النَّبِيِّ صلى جُبَيْرٍ، عَنْ رَجُلٍ، عِنْدَهُ رِضًا أَنَّهُ أَخْبَرَهُ أَنَّ عَائِشَةَ زَوْجَ النَّبِيِّ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ مَا الله عليه وسلم قَالَ مَا مِنِ امْرِئِ تَكُونُ لَهُ صَلاَةٌ بِلَيْلٍ يَغْلِبُهُ عَلَيْهَا نَوْمٌ إِلاَّ كَتَبَ اللّهُ لَهُ أَجْرَ صَلاَتِهِ وَكَانَ نَوْمُهُ عَلَيْهِ صَدَقَةً

Narrated by the Mother of the Believers - Ayesha رضى الله عنها

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَةُ عَلَيْ) said:

"If a man prays in the night and sleep overcomes him during it, Allah writes for him the reward of his prayer, and his sleep is a charity for him"

Al-Muwatta Imam Maalik, Kitaab Salaatul Layl, Hadith 255

وَحَدَّثَنِي عَنْ مَالِكِ، عَنْ هِشَامِ بْنِ عُرْوَةَ، عَنْ أَبِيهِ، عَنْ عَائِشَة، زَوْجِ النَّبِيِّ صلى الله عليه وسلم أَنَّ رَسُولَ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم قَالَ إِذَا نَعَسَ أَحَدُكُمْ فِي صَلاَتِهِ فَلْيَرْقُدْ حَتَّى يَذْهَبَ عَنْهُ النَّوْمُ فَإِنَّ أَحَدَكُمْ إِذَا صَلَّى وَهُو نَاعِسٌ لاَ يَدْرِي لَعَلَّهُ يَذْهَبُ يَسْتَغْفِرُ فَيَسُبُ نَفْسَهُ فَيْسُبُ نَفْسَهُ

Narrated by the Mother of the Believers - Ayesha رضى الله عنها

The Messenger of Allah (التُوالِيِّلِيِّم) said:

"If you are drowsy in prayer, then sleep until sleep leaves you. Because, if you pray while you are drowsy, you do not know whether you may intend to ask for forgiveness but (in fact) ask for harm"

Al-Muwatta Imam Maalik, Kitab Salaatul Layl, Hadith 257

حَدَّثَنَا مُحَمَّدُ بْنُ يَحْيَى، حَدَّنَنَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ بْنُ مُوسَى، أَنْبَأَنَا عَبَّادُ بْنُ الْعَوَّامِ، عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنِ الْحَسَنِ، عَنِ الْأَحْنَفِ الْعَوَّامِ، عَنْ عُمَرَ بْنِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ، عَنْ قَتَادَةَ، عَنِ الْحَسَنِ، عَنِ الْأَحْنَفِ بْنِ عَبْدِ الْمُطَّلِب، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى بْنِ عَبْدِ الْمُطَّلِب، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم لا تَزَالُ أُمَّتِي عَلَى الْفِطْرَةِ مَا لَمْ يُؤَخِّرُوا الْمَعْرِب حَتَّى تَشْتَبك النَّجُومُ مُ

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abbas ibn Abdul Mutallib

The Messenger of Allah (النَّهُ اللَّهُ) said:

"My Ummah will continue to adhere to the Fitrah [guidance] as long as they do not delay the Maghrib until the stars appear."

Sunan Ibn Ma'jah, Kitaab As Salaah, Hadith 689

حَدَّثَنَا رَاشِدُ بْنُ سَعِيدِ بْنِ رَاشِدٍ الرَّمْلِيُّ، حَدَّثَنَا الْوَلِيدُ بْنُ مُسْلِمٍ، عَنْ أَبِي رَافِعٍ، إِسْمَاعِيلَ بْنِ رَافِعٍ عَنْ سُمَىًّ، مَوْلَى أَبِي بَكْرٍ عَنْ أَبِي صَالِحٍ، عَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرَةَ، قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم الْمَشَّاءُونَ إِلَى الْمَسَاجِدِ فِي الظَّلَمِ أُولَئِكَ الْحَوَّاضُونَ فِي رَحْمَةِ الله

رضى الله عنه Narrated by Abu Hurairah

The Messenger of Allah (الشَّالِيَّةُ said:

"Those who walk towards the mosques in the darkness [of the night or early morning] are diving into the Mercy of Allah"

Sunan Ibn Ma'jah, Kitaab al Masaajid, Hadith 779

39th Hadith

حَدَّنَنَا عَلِيُّ بْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ، حَدَّنَنَا أَبُو أُسَامَةَ، عَنْ هِشَامٍ الدَّسْتَوَائِيِّ، عَنْ يَحْيَى بْنِ أَبِي كَثِيرٍ، عَنِ الْحَكَمِ بْنِ مِينَاءَ، أَخْبَرَنِي ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ، وَابْنُ، عُمَرَ أَنِّهُمَا سَمِعَا النَّبِيَّ صلى الله عليه وسلم يَقُولُ عَلَى أَعْوَادِهِ لَيُنْتَهِيَنَّ أَقُواهُ عَنْ وَدْعِهِمُ الْجَمَاعَاتِ أَوْ لَيَخْتِمَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ لُيَنْتَهِيَنَّ أَقُواهُ عَنْ وَدْعِهِمُ الْجَمَاعَاتِ أَوْ لَيَخْتِمَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ لُيَكُونُنَّ مِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ

رضى الله عنها Narrated by Ibn Abbaas and Ibn Umar

The Messenger of Allah (التُوَالِيَّةُ) said:

"People should desist from failing to attend the congregations, otherwise Allah will seal their hearts, and they will be among the negligent"

Sunan Ibn Ma'jah, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 794

حَدَّنَنَا أَحْمَدُ بْنُ سَعِيدٍ الدَّارِمِيُّ، حَدَّنَنَا النَّضْرُ بْنُ شُمَيْلٍ، حَدَّثَنَا حَمَّادُ، عَنْ ثَابِتٍ، عَنْ أَبِي أَيُّوبَ، عَنْ عَبْدِ اللَّهِ بْنِ عَمْرٍو، قَالَ صَلَّيْنَا مَعَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم الْمَغْرِبَ فَرَجَعَ مَنْ رَجَعَ وَعَقَّبَ مَنْ عَقَّبَ فَجَاءَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مُسْرِعًا قَدْ حَفَزَهُ النَّفَسُ و قَدْ حَسَرَ عَنْ رُكُبْتَيْهِ اللهِ صلى الله عليه وسلم مُسْرِعًا قَدْ حَفَزَهُ النَّفَسُ و قَدْ حَسَرَ عَنْ رُكُبْتَيْهِ فَقَالَ أَبْشِرُوا هَذَا رَبُّكُمْ قَدْ فَتَحَ بَابًا هِنْ أَبُورَبِ السَّمَاءِ يُبَاهِي بِكُمُ الْمَلاَئِكَةَ يَقُولُ انْظُرُوا إلَى عِبَادِي قَدْ قَضَوْا فَريضَةً وَهُمْ يَنْتَظِرُونَ أُخْرَى الْمَلاَئِكَةَ يَقُولُ انْظُرُوا إلَى عِبَادِي قَدْ قَضَوْا فَريضَةً وَهُمْ يَنْتَظِرُونَ أُخْرَى

Narrated by Abdullah ibn Amr رضى الله عنه:

'We performed the Maghrib (prayer) with the Messenger of Allah (الثانية), then those who went back, they went back. And those who stayed, they stayed. Then the Messenger of Allah (الثانية) returned in a hurry, out of breath, with his garment pulled up to his knees, and said:

"Glad tidings to you! For your Lord has opened one of the gates of heaven and is boasting of you before the Angels, saying: 'Look at My slaves; they have fulfilled one obligatory duty and are awaiting another.'"

Sunan Ibn Ma'jah, Kitaab Al Masaajid, Hadith 801



AJMERI PRESS

"There are many virtues of reciting forty traditions which is related in numerous Ahaadith. Our Ulama of Ahl e Sunnah followed this practice and presented forty narrations of Ahaadith dealing with various subjects"

Imam Ahmad Rida
[May Allah Ta'ala be pleased with him]